

1st E.S.O. – SUMMER WORK

Name:



No.:

Group:

Date:

Mark

HIGH ACHIEVERS

1st ESO

2018-19

FIRST EVALUATION

UNIT 1. "TRUE STORIES"

Grammar

- Past Simple and Past Continuous.
- When vs While
- Used to
- Make Proper Questions

- **Vocabulary:** The Senses. Parts of the body. Attitude Adverbs (like)
- **Speaking:** Expressing surprise and interest.
- **Reading:** Reading Book.
- **Writing:** A story. Sequencing words and expressions.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Fill in the gaps with When or While.

1. _____ he was talking on the phone, I was watching TV.
2. He was cancelling his flight _____ we called him.
3. I was overtaking a truck _____ I heard a loud thump.
4. We were watching a movie _____ the screen went blank.
5. _____ she was packing the bags, I was looking for our passports.
6. We were complaining about the weather _____ the sun broke through the clouds.
7. Sandra was washing the dishes _____ a plate fell off the shelf.
8. Do not disturb me _____ I'm listening to music.
9. I was having lunch _____ James arrived.
10. _____ I heard the doorbell, I went to the door.
11. _____ Jo was washing her hair, I did my homework.
12. _____ I buy the bread, you can go to the butcher's.
13. I was at the baker's _____ I met Jo.
14. The customer was being helped by the salesman _____ the thief came into the store.
15. _____ you saw Keith, was he with Jo?
16. I was in the shop _____ someone stole my bag.
17. I hurt my back _____ I tried to lift the piano.
18. _____ we were standing outside the cinema, someone picked my pocket.
19. _____ Mrs Scott came back to her hotel she called the elevator.

Write the verb in Past Simple or in Past Continuous

1. What _____ (you / do) when I _____ (call) you last night?
2. I _____ (sit) in a café when you _____ (call).
3. When you _____ (arrive) at the party, who _____ (be) there?
4. Susie _____ (watch) a film when she _____ (hear) the noise.
5. Yesterday I _____ (go) to the library, next I _____ (have) a swim, later I _____ (meet) Julie for a coffee.
6. We _____ (play) tennis when John _____ (hurt) his ankle.
7. _____ (hurt) his ankle.

Make Proper Questions

1. He speaks French and Italian

2. He is going to study medicine because he wants to become a doctor.

3. He came to school by bus.

4. He has known his best friend for two years.

5. That's Peter's book.

6. It took him five minutes to get ready.

7. Sean likes jogging in the morning.

8. It was really cold and windy yesterday.

Used to- Rewrite the following sentences using Used to. Look at the example.

Ex: When I was little I sucked my thumb, but now I don't know.

Answer: When I was little I used to suck my thumb.

1. When she was little she slept a lot.

2. When they were young they ran every morning.

3. When he was eight years old he threw tantrums.

Ex: When he was younger he didn't listen to his parents.

Answers: When he was younger he didn't use to listen to his parents.

4. When I was younger I didn't drive.

5. When she was seven she didn't have as much homework as she does now.

6. When the students were younger they didn't use the iPads in class.

Ex: When you were young did you get into fist fights?

Answers: When you were younger did you use to get into fist fights?

7. When you were little did you get up early in the morning?

8. When you were young did you have a bank account?

9. When she was younger did she swim that well?

Vocabulary

Attitude Adverbs .Write the verb in the correct form.

Tidy - Do - Brush - Make - Go - Go - Have - Meet - Eat

1. She doesn't like _____ her room everyday
2. Do you like _____ to bed at eleven o'clock?
3. My mother dislikes _____ up at 7.
4. Does your sister hate _____ cold food?
5. Anne's father loves _____ to work by car.
6. I always like _____ my homework before 7 o'clock.
7. John likes _____ his teeth every night.
8. Your grandmother hates _____ dinner for 6 people.
9. Does she like _____ a shower after dinner?
10. Hannah loves _____ her friends once a week.
11. Martha loves (work) _____ with children.
12. My daughter hates (play) _____ alone.
13. Little Tommy would love (have) _____ a brother.
14. The football players would prefer (play) _____ in another stadium.
15. Alan's father hates (get up) _____ early every day.
16. Susan likes (go out) _____ with her friends.

UNIT 2. "My Style "

Grammar

- Present Perfect with ever, never, yet, already and just.
- Present Perfect with for, since and How long.
- Present Perfect vs Past Simple
- Make Proper Questions

- **Vocabulary:** Home and Furniture. Clothes and Accessories.
- **Speak:** Expressing opinions.
- **Reading:** Reading book.
- **Writing:** A blog entry.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Use Ever in the following in Present Perfect.

1. He/ ever/ be/ to / London? _____
2. She/ever/ eat a frog? _____
3. You/ ever/ be surfing with your friends? _____
4. They/ever/ borrow money from your friends? _____
5. He/ever/stay up all night ? _____

Use Never in the following in Present Perfect.

1. I/ Never/ dye my hair before. _____
2. She/never/ swallow a fly before. _____
3. He/ never/ have a holiday abroad. _____
4. They/ never/ visit France before. _____
5. I / never/ see a famous person before. _____

Rewrite the following sentences using Yet in Present Perfect.

1. He / not finish/ his homework/ yet.
2. She / not read/ that book/ yet.
3. They / not have / vacation/ yet / this year.
4. We/ not see/ that movie / yet.
5. She/ not wash/ the dishes/ yet.

Rewrite the following sentences using Just in Present Perfect.

1. She / just/ arrive. _____
2. They /just/ listen to that song. _____
3. We/ just/ eat/ the apples. _____
4. He/ just/ have lunch. _____
5. I/ just/ finish/ my homework. _____

Fill in the gaps with Just/ Already/ Yet.

1. We can't have chips again. We've _____ had them three times this week.
2. I haven't phoned Begonia _____. I'll do it when I get back from work.
3. Monica says she's _____ this minute caught the train so she'll be here in half an hour.
4. Daphne has _____ bought the tickets. So we don't have to worry anymore.
5. Betty: Have you cleaned the bathroom _____?
6. Billy: I've _____ done it. I did it an hour ago.
7. Jim sends his love. I've _____ seen him in the high street.
8. We're going to a concert on Friday, but we haven't bought the tickets _____.
9. Billy: Do you know anything about Sally?
10. Betty: Oh she's fine. I've _____ spoken to her on the phone.
11. The government hasn't said anything about the oil slick _____.
12. Have you seen the movie Bowling for Columbine _____.

Fill in the gaps with Ever or Never.

1. Have you _____ eaten lobster?
2. I have _____ been to France.
3. I think I have _____ really known you.

4. That's the smallest car I have _____ ridden in.
5. She is probably the most fascinating woman I have _____ met.
6. If you have _____ felt or known real love! you know it is well worth the wait.
7. Have your children _____ had Turkish Delight or chocolate covered pistachios?
8. You have no right to say what the greatest movie is if you have _____ seen " Citizen Kane'.
9. Have you _____ eaten Chinese food?
10. Has your sister _____ had a car?
11. We have _____ visited your town.
12. This is the most horrible place I have _____ seen.
13. Have your friends _____ read that book?
14. I have _____ chatted in the Internet.
15. This is the best film I have _____ seen.

Complete with For or SINCE

- 1) I have been a teacher _____ 30 years
2. Bob has worked in that import export company _____ he was thirty
3. I have studied English _____ four years
4. Jenny has eaten five hamburgers _____ 7pm
5. My parents have been married _____ twenty years
6. I have known my best friend _____ I met him at high school
7. They have travelled in the USA _____ one month
8. The boys have played tennis _____ two hours
9. Kevin has been in Greece _____ July
10. My brother has drunk beer _____ two hours
11. I haven't eaten anything _____ lunch.

Write the following using How long questions.

Ex: How long/ you/ have / your bike?

Answer: How long have you had your bike?

1. How long/ he/ be / here? _____
2. How long/ she/ wait/ for the bus? _____
3. How long / we/ study today? _____
4. How long/ they/ take/ to get here? _____
5. How long / I / run? _____

Full in the gaps with the verb in Past Simple or Present Perfect.

1. 'This is my house.' 'How long have you lived here?' 'I _____ (live) here since 1997.'
2. He lived in London for two years and then he _____ (go) to Edinburgh.
3. When I left school, I cut my hair and _____ (wear) it short ever since.
4. Shakespeare _____ (write) a lot of plays.
5. My brother _____ (write) several plays. He has just finished his latest.
6. I _____ (not see) him for three years. I wonder where he is.
7. He _____ (not smoke) for two weeks. He is trying to give it up.
8. Chopin _____ (compose) some of his music in Majorca.
9. 'When _____ (he/arrive)?' 'He arrived at 2 o'clock.'

10. I read his books when I was at school. I _____(enjoy) them very much.
11. I can't go out because I _____(not finish) my work yet.
12. 'I _____(never/drink) whiskey.' 'Well, have some now!'
13. Here are your shoes. I _____(just/clean) them.
14. I left home at 8.00a.m. and I _____(get) here at 12.00p.m.
15. I _____(meet) him last June.
16. _____(you/see) the moon last night?
17. Cervantes _____(write) Don Quixote.
18. He _____(break) his leg in a skiing accident last year.

Make sentences using FOR or SINCE

ex: How long have you studied German ? (2004) I have studied German since 2004

1)How long have you lived in Paris ? (five years)

2) How long have you played football ? (two years)

3) How long has Helen known Paul ? (February)

4) How long has Jim been on holiday ? (Saturday)

Vocabulary

Accessories and Clothes. Fill in the gap with the correct word.

1. Instead of wearing shoes in the house I wear _____.
2. To go swimming I wear a _____.
3. Girls wear dresses and _____.
4. When it's cold outside she wears a _____ around her neck.
5. She loves jewelry, but especially _____ for her fingers.

Furniture. Fill in the gap with the correct word.

1. A _____ is used to keep your food cool.
2. I wash the dishes in the _____.
3. She forgot to put the dishes in the _____.
4. They have many plants in their _____.
5. I keep all of my clothes in my _____.

UNIT 3. "JUST THE JOB FOR YOU!"

Grammar

- Comparative and Superlative.
- (Not) as.....as. Modifiers.
- Indefinite pronouns.
- Make Proper Questions

- **Vocabulary**: Environment. Materials.
- **Speaking**: Having a discussion.
- **Reading**: Reading book.
- **Writing**: An Article.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

MPQ Write the questions.

1. I've been waiting for you for two hours.

2. She looked everywhere but didn't find you.

3. They thought they had done it correctly.

4. She spoke so softly during her speech that we couldn't hear her.

5. They are students from Liceo Sorolla school.

6. She was born in 1997.

7. She has two brothers.

8. He hardly ever finishes his homework on time.

9. Sean has just come back from the library.

10. Jennie wrote to Peter last week.

11. He is writing an article for the local newspaper.

12. She took Jim's jacket by mistake.

13. I'm doing my homework.

14. She used to like trekking when she was younger.

15. She has been waiting for over an hour for the train.

Comparative and Superlative. Write the adjective in the comparative Superlative form.

1. Apples are _____ than chips. (healthy)
2. Elephants are _____ (big) than bears.
3. Gold is _____ than silver. (expensive)
4. Bikes are _____ than cars. (slow)
5. I am _____ at English than my brother. (good)
6. My friend is _____ than me. (tall)

7. Sandy is _____ than Tamara. (thin)
8. My father is _____ than Tom's father. (strong)
9. "Harry Potter "books are _____ than "The Book of the Jungle". (interesting)
10. The tiger is _____ than a fox .(heavy)
11. The weather is _____ than yesterday . (hot)
12. The girls are _____ than the boys. (happy)
13. Berta is _____ than Debby.(beautiful)
- 14.French is _____ than English. (difficult)
15. Tina is 5 years old. Sandra is 10 years old. Sandra is _____ than Tina.(old)
16. Russia is _____ than France. (large)
17. I am _____ at maths than my best friend (bad)
18. Love is _____ than money.(important)
19. His car is _____ than mine. (cheap)

Comparative and Superlative. Write the adjective in the comparative Superlative form.

1. Apples are _____ than chips. (healthy)
2. Elephants are _____(big) than bears.
3. Gold is _____ than silver. (expensive)
4. Bikes are _____ than cars. (slow)
5. I am _____ at English than my brother .(good)
6. My friend is _____ than me. (tall)
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13. Berta is _____ than Debby.(beautiful)
- 14.French is _____ than English. (difficult)
15. Tina is 5 years old. Sandra is 10 years old. Sandra is _____ than Tina.(old)
16. Russia is _____ than France. (large)
17. I am _____ at maths than my best friend (bad)
18. Love is _____ than money.(important)
19. His car is _____ than mine. (cheap)

John

Height: 180cm

Weight: 72 kg

Pocket Money: \$43

Children: 5

John is a dangerous driver.

He has had many car accidents in his life.

John has is very funny.

Tom

Height: 180cm

Weight: 92 kg

Pocket Money: \$41

Children: 1

Tom is a safe driver.

He's never had an accident.

Tom is very funny too.

John and Tom are twin brothers. They are very similiar but they are not exactly the same.

Complete the sentences below using the as...as.../ not as...as... / almost as...as... and the words in parentheses() to compare the brothers.

1. John is (tall) his brother

Tom. _____

2. Tom is (handsome) his brother

John. _____

3. John is (not / heavy) his brother

Tom. _____

4. Tom has (almost/money)

John. _____

5. Tom (not/have/children)

John. _____

6. Tom (not/drive/dangerously)

John. _____

7. John (not/drive/safely)

Tom. _____

8. Tom (funny)

John. _____

Write the appropriate Indefinite Pronoun. Everybody/Nobody/Anybody/ Somebody etc.

1. There is nothing in the clothes basket. It is empty.

2. I've tried phoning but every time I tried there was _____ in.

3. I have prepared _____ for dinner which you will like very much.

4. Would you like _____ to start with before the main meal?

5. He sat at the table but didn't have _____ to eat.

6. You can do _____. I don't really care.

7. I met _____ you know last night. She told me she had missed you very much.

8. That's a very easy job. _____ can do it.

9. Did you turn the oven off? I think I can smell _____ burning.

10. _____ offered help. They probably didn't have time.

11. _____ arrived in good time and the meeting started promptly at 3:30.

12. When the show finished there was complete silence. _____ clapped.

13. _____ likes being poor.

Vocabulary: Materials. Fill in the gap with the correct word.

1. Construction paper is made out of _____.

2. Scissors can be made out of _____ or _____.

3. A t- shirt is usually made from _____.

4. The watch wrist band is usually made out of _____.
5. A lightbulb is made out of metal and _____.

Environment : Fill in the gaps with correct word.

1. In Spain because it's so hot during the summer, many regions suffer _____.
2. There was water damage due to the _____ they had.
3. Some people think that there is a _____ change due to global warming.
4. We should _____ our garbage/ waste so that we don't damage our environment.

UNIT 4. "HOPES AND DREAMS"

Grammar

- Will / Won't/ May/ Might.
- First Conditional.
- Going to vs Will.
- Maybe to Might Sentences.
- Make Proper Questions.

- **Vocabulary:** TV Programs. Life events.
- **Speaking:** Making offers and requests.
- **Reading:** Reading book.
- **Writing:** An informal email.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Select the correct answer.

1. If you my advice, you'll accept it.
 - a) will be taking
 - b) will take
 - c) are taking
 - d) take

2. If we a few more days
 - a) hang on
 - b) are hanging on
 - c) will hang on
 - d) will be hanging on

3. If you , I'll tell Jagger that we need time to think it over
 - a) want
 - b) are wanting
 - c) will want
 - d) would want

4. When he that, he'll be a bit impatient
 - a) is hearing
 - b) will hear
 - c) would hear
 - d) hears

5. I'm sure that if I to him sweetly enough he'll hold on and not look elsewhere.
- a) 'm talking
 - b) will talk
 - c) talk
 - d) would talk
6. If things are looking a bit dicey, I to you.
- a) get back
 - b) 'll get back
 - c) would get back
 - d) am getting back
7. So, if I from you , I'll assume everything is fine.
- a) don't hear
 - b) hear
 - c) am hearing
 - d) won't hear
8. I'll only call you if I there is a problem.
- a) would think
 - b) will think
 - c) think
 - d) am thinking
9. So unless I from you,
- a) hear
 - b) am hearing
 - c) will hear
 - d) would hear
10. I no need to worry.
- a) have
 - b) am having
 - c) do not have
 - d) will have

Choose the correct answer between Going to vs Will.

1. I'm going to help you if you help me.
I'll help you if you help me.
2. Why are you here? - I'm going to help your sister with her homework.
Why are you here? - I'll help your sister with her homework.
3. If she doesn't start working harder, she's going to fail the test.
If she doesn't start working harder, she'll fail the test.

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

4. There's a knock at the door. - I'm going to go!

There's a knock at the door. - I'll go!

5. Let's ask John how to solve this problem. He's going to know.

Let's ask John how to solve this problem. He'll know

6. It's rather cold in here. - Sorry, I'm going to close the window.

It's rather cold in here. - Sorry, I'll close the window.

7. Who do you think is going to win the World Cup?

Who do you think will win the World Cup?

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

8. I'm not ready yet. - That's ok, I'm going to wait.

I'm not ready yet. - That's ok, I'll wait

9. We have no more milk. - Oh, I'm going to buy some on the way home.

We have no more milk. - Oh I'll buy some on the way home.

10. Are you going to play basketball after school today? - No, I have too much work.

Will you play basketball after school today? - No, I have too much work.

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

11. If you don't hurry up, we're going to be late.

If you don't hurry up, we'll be late.

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

12. Shall we play tennis tomorrow? - I'd like to, but I'm going to stay in and study for the test.

Shall we play tennis tomorrow? - I'd like to, but I'll stay in and study for the test.

13. Do you have any plans for the future? - Yes, I'm going to work on a farm.

Do you have any plans for the future? - Yes, I'll work on a farm.

14. Do you know how to make a PowerPoint presentation? - Yes. I'm going to show you.

Do you know how to make a PowerPoint presentation? - Yes. I'll show you.

15. Let's have a party. - Great idea. I'm going to buy the drink. You get the food.

Let's have a party. - Great idea. I'll buy the drink. You get the food.

16. Sorry. We have no more French Fries. - Ok, I'm going to have rice instead.

Sorry. We have no more French Fries. - Ok, I'll have rice instead.

17. Look at the dark clouds. I think it's going to rain.

Look at the dark clouds. I think it will rain.

18. John phoned. - I know. I'm going to call him back after dinner.

John phoned. - I know. I'll call him back after dinner.

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

19. John phoned. - Really? I'm going to call him back after dinner.

John phoned. - Really? I'll call him back after dinner.

20. He's going to have a bad accident if he continues to drive so fast.

He'll have a bad accident if he continues to drive so fast.

21. Can you help me fix my computer? - I'm going to have a look at it after lunch.

Can you help me fix my computer? - I'll have a look at it after lunch.

22. I'm going to need your help in the garden tomorrow.

I'll need your help in the garden tomorrow.

- Both of the above sentences are correct

23. What are you doing with that hammer? - I'm going to put up a picture.

What are you doing with that hammer? - I'll put up a picture.

24. I feel awful. I think I'm going to be sick.

I feel awful. I think I'll be sick.

25. I don't think I'm going to be able to come to your party.

I don't think I'll be able to come to your party.

- Both of the above sentences are correct.

Rewrite the sentences by using Might.

1. Maybe Tom **can join** us. _____
2. Maybe Tom **can save** us. _____
3. Maybe I **don't love** you. _____
4. Maybe I **don't need** Tom. _____
5. Maybe Tom **has** problems. _____
6. Maybe it's true. _____
7. Maybe it's a trap. _____
8. Maybe we **can talk**. _____
9. Maybe he **liked** the idea. _____
10. Maybe you **were** followed. _____
11. Maybe I **gave** up too soon. _____
12. Maybe I **missed** something. _____
13. Maybe that **was** a mistake. _____
14. Maybe that **was** the point. _____
15. Maybe I **could talk** to Tom. _____
16. Maybe it **was** just a fluke. _____
17. Maybe Jane **will come**. _____
18. Maybe she **won't come**. _____
19. Maybe you **'ll succeed**. _____
20. Maybe he **will not come**. _____
21. Maybe he **'ll come** tomorrow. _____
22. Maybe he **will get** a ten on his exam. _____
23. Maybe she **has made** that noise. _____
24. Maybe he **has called** you. _____
25. Maybe he **has been** stung by a bee. _____

Vocabulary:

Life Events. Circle the correct word.

1. My father stopped working last year and is now enjoying a long vacation. After 30 years of employment, he _____.

A. Got promoted B. Got divorced C. Retired D. Pensioner E. Got fired

2. The boyfriend and girlfriend sealed their commitment by _____.

A. Getting divorced B. Getting engaged C. Breaking up D. Moving E. Emmigrating

3. Another word for a young child or baby.

A. Toddler B. Pensioner C. Spinster D. Bachelor E. Infant

4. A man whose wife has died.

A. Widow B. Pensioner C. Bachelor D. Orphan E. Widower

5. Ceremony at which people get married.

A. Graduation B. Wedding C. Engagement D. Bridal shower E. Honeymoon

6. Employees can get sacked, or _____, if they steal from the workplace.

A. Fired B. Unemployed C. Promoted D. Graduated E. Retired

7. My grandmother became a _____ 10 years ago when my grandfather died.

A. Pensioner B. Widower C. Spinster D. Widow E. Old maid

8. In California, many people have _____ from Latin America and Asia to start new lives.

A. Immigrated B. Emigrated C. Citizens D. Bought houses E. Had grandchildren

9. My cousin is a _____ . He never got married.

A. Toddler B. Orphan C. Bachelor D. Spinster E. Relative

SECOND EVALUATION

UNIT 5. "Mind and Body!"

Grammar

- Modals: rules, obligation and advice..
- Second Conditional.
- First Conditional vs Second Conditional.
- **Vocabulary**: Mind verbs. Mind Idioms.
- **Speaking**: Going to the doctors.
- **Reading**: Reading book.
- **Writing**: An Opinion Essay.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Second Conditional.

Complete the Conditional Sentences by putting the verbs into the correct form.

1. If we (have) _____ a yacht, we (sail) _____ the seven seas.
2. If he (have) _____ more time, he (learn) _____ karate.
3. If they (tell) _____ their father, he (be) _____ very angry.
4. She (spend) _____ a year in the USA if it (be) _____ easier to get a green card.
5. If I (live) _____ on a lonely island, I (run) _____ around naked all day.

6. We (help) _____ you if we (know) _____ how.
7. My brother (buy) _____ a sports car if he (have) _____ the money.
8. If I (feel) _____ better, I (go) _____ to the cinema with you.
9. If you (go) _____ by bike more often, you (be / not) _____ so flabby.
10. She (not / talk) _____ to you if she (be) _____ mad at you.

First Conditional vs Second Conditional. Write the verb in the correct tense.

1. If I get home late tonight, I _____ (not eat).
2. If Jan could run 100 metres in 10 seconds, he _____ (be) an athlete.
3. If Simon catches a fish today, we _____ (eat) it.
4. She _____ (buy) a Porsche if she won the lottery.
5. If it _____ (rain) in the Sahara desert, everyone would be very surprised.
6. If it rains tonight, we _____ (can/go) to the cinema.
7. If your dog spoke, you _____ (can/sell) it to the circus.
8. If we play football on Saturday, I _____ (be) tired on Sunday.
9. You _____ (become) fat if you eat too much.
10. If I _____ (be) you, I wouldn't accept that job. It sounds terrible!!

Read the sentences. Write should or shouldn't

- 1) If it's rainy you _____ take an umbrella.
- 2) Tom _____ eat so many lollipops. It's bad for his teeth.
- 3) a) _____ I drink hot tea if I have a sore throat?
b) Yes, you _____
- 4) They have a test tomorrow. They _____ go to the cinema. They _____ stay at home and study!
- 5) Children _____ eat lots of vegetables but they _____ eat lots of sweets.
- 6) I have a party tonight. What _____ I wear? A dress or a pair of trousers?
- 7) The doctor said: " _ You _____ eat healthy food. You _____ eat fast food. You _____ watch so much T.V.
8. You _____ walk 1 hour a day. You _____ drink fruit juice and water.
9. You _____ drink wine or beer.
11. Tom _____ eat so many lollipops. It's bad for his teeth.

Make Proper Questions.

1. She ran the race really fast.

2. She is talking to the headmaster right now.

3. They left an hour ago.

4. Mr. George kicked five boys out of class today.

5. I have read this book twice.

6. The concert will last about two hours.

7. She lives on Tranvia Street.

8. My mother hasn't forgiven me for my behaviour yesterday.

9. They had had so much to eat that they felt sick.

10. He should study more so that he can pass his exam.

Vocabulary:

Mind verbs. Translate the following sentences.

1. Me pregunto por qué no ha llegado nadie.

2. Él tenía que adivinar la respuesta.

3. No me apetece comer verdura hoy.

4. Odio la primavera porque tengo alergia al polen

5. Ese chico no debería correr tan rápido porque tiene asma.

6. No me di cuenta y tiré mi informe.

7. Nunca me acuerdo de cerrar la puerta con llave.

8. Supongo que tienes razón. (suppose isn't allowed)

9. No entiendo por qué se ha enfadado.

10. ¿Estás preocupado por no haberlo hecho bien?

Mind Idioms :Write the correct mind idiom in the correct tense. Some sentences may have to be rewritten completely.

1. She can't decide.
2. She has been thinking of the fight she had with her husband all day long.
3. She is unsure of what she'll do next year.
4. He will forget.
5. Make a decision !
6. I have decided otherwise. (I have decided something different)
7. I won't forget your idea.
8. I have already thought about that.
9. Say what you think !
10. It's the first thing I thought of.
11. That will give you something else to think about.
12. I suddenly forgot what I wanted to say.

13. I don't know what to think about the subject.

Vocabulary – Going to the Doctor's

Fill in the blanks with one of the following words: *cold, medicine, better, examine, fever, sure, appointment, sick, hurts, patients.*

I'm feeling a little _____. My throat _____, and I think I have a _____. I called the doctor to make an _____. He has many other _____ today, but he said he would see me. I think it's just a _____, but I would like the doctor to _____ me to make _____ it's not anything serious. Maybe he'll give me some _____ to make me feel _____.

Fill in the gaps with: fever, colic, backache, earache, cold, headache, sore throat, stomach ache, toothache, cough.

- 1.- _____ A respiratory disorder characterized by sneezing, sore throat, coughing, etc.
- 2.- _____ An illness characterized by frequent coughing.
- 3.- _____ Scratchiness in the throat, painful and sensitive condition.
- 4.- _____ A pain located in the head as over the eyes, at the temples or at the base of the skull.
- 5.- _____ Severe abdominal pain caused by spasm.
- 6.- _____ Abnormally high body temperature.
- 7.- _____ Pain in the ear.
- 8.- _____ A pain or discomfort in the region of the back or spine.
- 9.- _____ Pain in or about a tooth.
10. _____ Pain in the stomach or abdomen .

THIRD EVALUATION

UNIT 6. "Science Stuff"

Grammar

- Present Simple Passive and Past Simple Passive.
- **Vocabulary:** In the science lab. Using Computers.
- **Speaking:** Describing objects.
- **Reading:** Reading book.
- **Writing:** A review of a gadget.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Passive Voice. Rewrite the passive voice of the following sentences.

1. John wrote a book. _____
2. She investigates crimes.. _____
3. Susan sings pop songs. . _____
4. They ran 12 races. . _____
5. We take many exams throughout the year. . _____
6. They don't read enough books. . _____
7. Stacy doesn't enjoy films. . _____

8. He didn't ride the motorcycle. _____
9. She didn't write her name on the exam. _____
10. We didn't take any pictures during our vacation. _____

–

Passive questions

Replace the Do/Does with Is/ Are depending on what you make the subject.

Remember to switch the subject with the Object. CrissCross – Remember to write the verb in third column or add ED.

1. Does your brother take piano classes? Are piano classes taken by your brother?
2. Do you eat apples in the morning? _____
3. Do the students read stories? _____
4. Do they clean the windows every morning? _____
5. Does a cat drink milk? _____
6. Does your mother make your bed? _____

7. Does you teacher teach you English? _____
8. Do children play games after school? _____
9. Does your mother make you dinner? _____
10. Does a writer write books? _____

Can questions- keep the Can at the beginning then switch subject and object and put be before the verb. Verb will be in third column or +Ed. The first one has been done for you.

11. Can you write stories? _____
Can stories *be written* by you?
12. Can you read a book? _____
13. Can you run in the races? _____
14. Can he jump over hurdles? _____
15. Can she design clothes? _____

Now the same as before but in past. Replace the Did with Was/Were depending on the new subject. Crisscross subject with Object and remember to put the verb in third column or +ED if it's a regular verb. The first one has been done for you.

1. Did Christopher Colombus discover America in 1492?
Was America discovered by Colombus in 1492?
2. Did Victor Hugo write Les Miserable? _____
3. Did Susan do her homework? _____
4. Did Velaquez paint “The Meninas”? _____
5. Did Picasso paint “ The Guernica”? _____
6. Did they clean the car yesterday? _____
7. Did they make the table out of wood? _____
8. Did she make a speech in front of class? _____
9. Did the bus driver pass the red light? _____
10. Did Peter make fun of Julie? _____

Could questions- keep the Could at the beginning then switch subject and object and put be before the verb. Verb will be in third column or +Ed. The first one has been done for you.

1. Could you write stories? . _____
Could stories *be written* by you? . _____
2. Could you read a book? . _____
3. Could you run in the races? . _____
4. Could he jump over hurdles? . _____
5. Could she design clothes? . _____

Vocabulary: Science Lab and Computers.

Fill in the gaps with the correct word.

1. They mix chemicals in _____.
2. The _____ is used to prevent accidents.
3. We must wear _____ to keep our eyes from dangerous chemicals.
4. He didn't _____ the document so when the computer _____ he wasn't able to recover the material.
5. I like that movie so I'm going to _____ it.

UNIT 7. "The Big Screen"

Grammar

- Relative clauses
- Past Perfect.
- **Vocabulary:** Film genre.Talking about a film.
- **Speaking:** Interview an actor.
- **Reading:** Reading book.
- **Writing:** A film review.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Fill in the gaps with the correct relative pronoun.

1. This is the school_____ I used to study.
2. This test is for students_____ native language is not English.
3. The students_____ lost his bag is waiting in the office.
4. The house_____ they live needs repairing.
5. Children _____eat a lot of candy often get bad teeth
6. The girl_____ pen you borrowed needs it now.
7. Go and find the guests_____ arrived here yesterday.
8. Look at the horses_____ are drinking in the river.
9. The student_____ father is sick does not come to school today.

JOIN THESE SENTENCES USING RELATIVE PRONOUNS BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN. OMIT THE PRONOUN IF POSSIBLE.

- a. The girl is my sister. I'm talking to the girl. The girl _____ is my sister.
- b. This is the chair. The carpenter repaired it last week. This is the chair _____
- c. She is married to a man. He is richer than her. She is married to a man _____
- d. She is the friend. She helped me with my homework. She is the friend _____
- e. That is the swimming-pool. I used to go swimming there. That is the swimming-pool _____
- f. That is the man. His wife is a famous actress. This is the man _____
- g. A doctor examined me last Friday. He was really kind. The doctor _____ was really kind.
- h. The woman called the police. Her car had been stolen. The woman _____ called the police.
- i. I went to a restaurant last week. It was very expensive. The restaurant _____ was very expensive.
- j. I saw a film last night. It was very interesting. The film _____ was very interesting.

Past Perfect. Write the following verbs in Past Perfect.

1. The grass was yellow because it _____ (not/rain) all summer.
2. The lights went off because we _____ (not/pay) the electricity bill
3. The children _____ (not/do) their homework, so they were in trouble.
4. They _____ (not/eat) so we went to a restaurant.
5. We couldn't go into the concert because we _____ (not/bring) our tickets..
6. She said that she _____ (not/visit) the UK before.

Vocabulary: Film Genre and Film Conversation

1. The film is usually full of songs and dance performance. _____
2. The film is usually on a real-life situation with realistic characters. _____
3. It is created by individual drawings and then the drawings are photographed one by one, giving the illusion of movement. _____
4. I love the music in the film. It had a great _____.
5. E.T. was _____ by Steven Spielberg.

UNIT 8. "Let's Celebrate"

Grammar

- Reported Speech
- Say vs tell
- Reported yes/no questions

- **Vocabulary:** Phrasal Verbs
- **Speaking:** Talking and leaving messages.
- **Reading:** Reading book.
- **Writing:** Description of a special celebration.
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**
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Write the following sentences in Reported Speech.

1. "Susan is eating right now." _____
2. "They ran a really hard course yesterday." _____
3. "Sit down." _____
4. "She hasn't given up yet." _____
5. "I think that they won't win the game." _____
6. "If you have a head ache you should take an aspirin." _____
7. "Do you run in the morning?" _____
8. "Are they having lunch at the moment?" _____
9. "Have you seen that film?" _____

Fill in the gaps with Say or Tell.

1. John _____ he had been to the cinema at the weekend
2. She _____ them she wanted to quit.
3. David _____ he was going to arrive at eight.
4. They _____ they didn't want to meet us on Tuesday.
5. I _____ him I wasn't impressed.
6. Lucy _____ Julie she was leaving on Wednesday.
7. We _____ we were going on holiday the following week.
8. Jack _____ my mother he would be in Spain this wee
9. I _____ I hated mushrooms.
10. She _____ she loved chocolate.

Make Proper Questions. Make the correct questions.

1. She recognized him at once. _____
2. He apologized for his conduct. _____
3. She threw a tantrum when she was told that she wouldn't be able to go. _____
4. I would like to offer a piece of advice. _____
5. You must be sick because your eyes are watery and your nose is runny. _____
6. You must not drink and drive. _____

7. He must have been in a lot of pain. _____
8. You should build a rain water harvesting system.

9. We used to consume a lot of sugar, but now we have given up that habit.

10. There must be something wrong with him.

Vocabulary: Phrasal Verbs

1. Yesterday she arrived home very late. _____
2. He will try to earn a lot of money and not use it. _____
3. Last year, we performed plays with Miss Elisa. _____
4. “Hey! Look at that girl. She's really cute. _____
5. I have searched everywhere for my phone but I can't seem to find it. _____

UNIT 9. “Teen Success!”

Grammar

- Question tag
- Personal and possessive pronouns and Reflexive pronoun
- **Vocabulary**: Personal development
- **Speaking**: Giving surprising news.
- **Reading**: Reading book.
- **Writing**: A Formal Letter
- **PRACTICE EXERCISES**

Fill in the gaps with the correct question tag.

1. She is collecting stickers, _____ ?
2. We often watch TV in the afternoon, _____ ?
3. You have cleaned your bike, _____ ?
4. John and Max don't like maths _____, ?
5. Peter played handball yesterday, _____ ?
6. They are going home from school, _____ ?
7. Mary didn't do her homework last Monday, _____ ?
8. He could have bought a new car, _____ ?
9. Kevin will come tonight, _____ ?
10. I'm clever, _____ ?

Fill the gap with correct possessive pronoun or reflexive pronoun.

1. He wrote that song all by _____.
2. That's not (he) _____ book.
3. She likes running by _____.
4. We have _____ exam tomorrow.
5. That's (she) _____ class and this is (I) _____ class.
6. He cooks for _____.

